# Allianz US Short Duration High Income Bond



## PRODUCT KEY FACTS April 2025

<ul> <li>This statement is a part of the offering document.</li> <li>You should not invest in this product based on this statement alone.</li> </ul>			
uick facts			
Management Company:	Allianz Global Investors GmbH		
Investment Manager:	Voya Investment Management Co. LLC, based in United States (external delegation)		
Depositary:	State Street Bank International GmbH, Luxembourg Branch		
Dealing Frequency:	Daily; each day banks and exchanges are open in Hong Kong, Luxembourg and Unite States		
Base Currency:	USD		
Dividend Policy:	Distribution Shares (Class A) – will be distributed annually on 15 December (subject to th Company's discretion)		
	Distribution Shares (Class AM/AMg/AMi/AMgi) – will be distributed on 15 <sup>th</sup> of every mont		
	(subject to the Company's discretion)		
	Accumulation Shares (Class AT) – all income are reinvested		
	Dividend payments may, at the sole discretion of the Company, be made out of the Sub- Fund's income and/or capital (Class A/AM/AMg/AMi/AMgi). The Company may at its sol discretion also pay distribution out of gross income while charging/paying all or part of the Sub-Fund's fees and expenses to/out of the capital of the Sub-Fund, resulting in a increase in distributable income for the payment of dividends by the Sub-Fund an therefore, the Sub-Fund may effectively pay dividend out of capital (Class AMg Distributions out of capital or effectively out of capital may result in an immediate decreas of the NAV per share of the Sub-Fund. In respect of share classes which adopt the IR Neutral Policy (Class AMi/AMgi), the distribution amount may not account for the difference in the interest rates between the Sub-Fund's Base Currency and their respectiv Reference Currency or Hedging Currency (as the case may be). 30 September		
Financial year end of the Sub-Fund:	30 September		
Minimum Investment:	LISD 5 000 (or equivelent empunt in other sucilable surrensise) as 510 5 000 as		
Initial	USD 5,000 (or equivalent amount in other available currencies) or EUR 5,000 or HKD 50,000 or RMB 50,000		
Subsequent	USD 1,000 (or equivalent amount in other available currencies) or EUR 1,000 or HKD 10,000 or RMB 10,000		

\*The ongoing charges figures are calculated based on the costs incurred by the Sub-Fund over a 12-month period divided by the average net assets over the same period based on the information in the latest audited financial statement for the year ended 30 September 2024. It is provided for each share class available within the Sub-Fund. This figure may vary from year to year. It includes All-in-Fee plus the Luxembourg tax (Taxe d'Abonnement) and excludes transaction cost. Rounding differences may occur.

## What is this product?

The Sub-Fund is a sub-fund of Allianz Global Investors Fund (the "**Company**"), which is constituted as an open ended investment company in Luxembourg. It is regulated by Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier ("**CSSF**") in Luxembourg.

## **Investment Objective**

Long-term income and lower volatility by investing in short duration high yield rated corporate bonds of the United States of America ("**US**") bond markets in accordance with environmental and social characteristics.

In this context, the Sub-Fund aims to achieve the Sustainability KPI (as defined below) with the adoption of the Sustainability Key Performance Indicator Strategy (Absolute) ("**KPI Strategy (Absolute)**").

For the avoidance of doubt, the Sub-Fund does not constitute as a green/ESG fund pursuant to the Circular to management companies of SFC-authorised unit trusts and mutual funds issued by the Securities and Futures Commission on 29 June 2021 (as amended from time to time).

## **Investment Strategy**

At least 70% of Sub-Fund assets are invested in corporate bonds which are exposed or connected to the US (eg. bonds issued or guaranteed by governments/related authorities or companies with registered offices or sales/profits predominantly in the US). Less than 30% of Sub-Fund assets may be invested in debt securities other than the above.

At least 70% of Sub-Fund assets are invested in debt securities which, at the time of acquisition, are rated BB+ or below (by Standard & Poor's, Fitch or equivalently by other rating agencies) excluding those that are rated CC, C or D (Standard & Poor's), C, RD or D (Fitch) or Ca or C (Moody's), or if unrated, as determined by the Investment Manager to be of comparable quality.

Non-USD currency exposure is limited to 20% of Sub-Fund assets.

Up to 20% of Sub-Fund assets may be invested in emerging markets.

Up to 20% of the Sub-Fund's assets may be invested in mortgage-backed securities and asset-backed securities.

Up to 100% of Sub-Fund assets may be invested in money market instruments and/or held in time deposits and/or (up to 20% of Sub-Fund assets) deposits at sight and/or (up to 10% of Sub-Fund assets) in money market funds on a temporary basis for liquidity management and/or defensive purpose and/or any other exceptional circumstances (eg. market crash or major crisis), and if the Investment Manager considers it in the best interest of the Sub-Fund.

The Sub-Fund may invest less than 30% of its assets in instruments with loss-absorption features (including contingent convertible bonds, senior non-preferred debt securities, instruments issued under the resolution regime for financial institutions and other capital instruments issued by banks or other financial institutions), of which a maximum of 10% of the Sub-Fund's assets may be invested in contingent convertible bonds. These instruments may be subject to contingent write-down or contingent conversion to ordinary shares on the occurrence of trigger events.

Pursuant to the KPI Strategy (Absolute), the Sub-Fund seeks to achieve at least 5% year-on-year reduction in its portfolio's weighted average intensity of the investee companies' greenhouse gas emissions ("**GHG**") in terms of annual sales on an improvement pathway starting from the date of adoption of the strategy ("**Sustainability KPI**"). A minimum of 70% of the Sub-Fund's portfolio, after excluding derivatives and instruments that are non-evaluated by nature (e.g. cash and deposits), shall be evaluated by the "Weighted Average GHG Intensity (in terms of sales)". GHG intensity ("**GHG Intensity**") represents an issuer's annual GHG. Sales represents an issuer's annual sales. GHG Intensity (in terms of sales) of an issuer is the issuer's annual GHG Intensity (in metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalents (tCO2e) per millions of annual sales). This ratio of annual GHG normalised by annual sales of each issuer facilitates comparison between issuers of different sizes. Weighted Average GHG Intensity (in terms of sales) is the average of the GHG Intensity (in terms of sales) of the issuers of the securities composing the Sub-Fund's portfolio adjusted by their relative weights to the portfolio. In the portfolio construction process, more GHG-efficient issuers in terms of the issuers' sales would be more likely to be selected by the Investment Manager, such that the Sub-Fund could achieve its Sustainability KPI as specified above.

Duration of the assets of the Sub-Fund is between zero and 3 years.

## Use of derivatives/investment in derivatives

The Sub-Fund's net derivative exposure may be up to 50% of the Sub-Fund's net asset value.

#### What are the key risks?

Investment involves risks. The Sub-Fund's investment portfolio may fall in value due to any of the key risk factors below and therefore your investment in the Sub-Fund may suffer losses. Please refer to the Prospectus for details including the risk factors.

#### 1. Investment Risk/General Market Risk

- The Sub-Fund is an investment fund. There is no guarantee of the repayment of principal. The instruments invested by the Sub-Fund may fall in value.
- The Sub-Fund invests in securities (eg. bonds), and is exposed to various general trends and tendencies in the economic and political situations as well as securities markets and investment sentiment, which are partially attributable to irrational factors.

Such factors could lead to substantial and longer-lasting drops in prices affecting the entire market. Securities from top-rated issuers are subject to essentially the same general market risk as other securities and assets. All these factors may adversely impact the net asset value of the Sub-Fund.

## 2. Creditworthiness Risk/Credit Rating Risk/Downgrading Risk

- The creditworthiness (ability to pay) of the issuer of an asset in particular of a debt security or money-market instrument held by a Sub-Fund may subsequently fall. This usually leads to a decrease in the price of the asset greater than that caused by general market fluctuations. All these factors may adversely impact the net asset value of the Sub-Fund.
- Credit ratings assigned by rating agencies are subject to limitations and do not guarantee the creditworthiness of the security and/or issuer at all times.
- The interest-bearing securities held by the Sub-Fund may be downgraded and may fall in value. This will also lead to a fall in the net asset value of the Sub-Fund. The Investment Manager may or may not be able to dispose of the debt instruments that are being downgraded.

## 3. Interest Rate Risk

To the extent that this Sub-Fund invests in interest-bearing securities (eg. corporate bonds and government bonds), it is exposed to interest rate fluctuations. If market interest rates rise, the value of the interest-bearing assets held by the Sub-Fund may decline substantially. This applies to an even greater degree if this Sub-Fund also holds interest-bearing securities with a longer time to maturity and a lower nominal interest rate. All these factors may adversely impact the net asset value of the Sub-Fund.

## 4. Default Risk

The Sub-Fund is exposed to the credit and default risk of issuers of the debt securities that the Sub-Fund may invest in.

## 5. Specific Risks of Investing in High-Yield (Non-Investment Grade and Unrated) Investments and Convertible Bonds

- Investing in high-yield (non-investment grade and unrated) investments and convertible bonds are normally associated with higher volatility, greater risk of loss of principal and interest, increased creditworthiness and downgrading risk, default risk, interest rate risk, general market risk, and liquidity risk (for example, the asset cannot be sold or can only be sold at a significant discount to the purchase price), all of which may adversely impact the net asset value of the Sub-Fund.
- Convertible bonds are a hybrid between debt and equity, permitting holders to convert into shares in the company issuing the bond at a specified future date. As such, convertibles will be exposed to prepayment risk, equity movement and greater volatility than straight bond investments. The value of convertible bonds may be affected by the price movement of the underlying securities (i.e. equities), among other things. Convertible bonds may also have call provisions and other features which may give rise to the risk of a call. All these factors may adversely impact the net asset value of the Sub-Fund.

## 6. Valuation Risk

 Valuation of the Sub-Fund assets may involve uncertainties and judgmental determinations. If such valuation turns out to be incorrect, this may affect the NAV calculation of the Sub-Fund.

## 7. RMB Risk

- The Sub-Fund may launch share classes denominated in offshore Chinese Renminbi. The Chinese Renminbi traded in Mainland China is not freely convertible and is subject to exchange controls, policies and restrictions imposed by the PRC authorities. Such policies may limit the depth of the Chinese Renminbi market available outside of Mainland China, and thereby may reduce the liquidity of the Sub-Fund. Under exceptional circumstances, payment of redemptions and/or dividend payment in RMB may be delayed due to the exchange controls and restrictions applicable to RMB. Furthermore although offshore Renminbi and onshore Renminbi are the same currency, they trade at different rates. Any divergence between offshore Renminbi and onshore Renminbi may adversely impact investors.
- Any depreciation of RMB could adversely affect the value of investors' investment in the RMB denominated share classes.

## 8. Sovereign Debt Risk

The Sub-Fund's investment in interest-bearing securities issued or guaranteed by governments may be exposed to political, social and economic risks. In adverse situations, the sovereign issuers may not be able or willing to repay the principal and/or interest when due or may request the Sub-Fund to participate in restructuring such debts. The Sub-Fund may suffer significant losses when there is a default of sovereign debt issuers.

## 9. Country and Region Risk

The Sub-Fund's investments focus in the United States, which may increase the concentration risk. Consequently, the Sub-Fund is particularly susceptible to the adverse economic, political, policy, foreign exchange, liquidity, tax, legal or regulatory events and risks of this region, or of companies based and/or operating in this region. The net asset value of the Sub-Fund may be more volatile than a diversified fund.

## 10. Sustainable Investment Risk associated with KPI Strategy (Absolute)

- The Sub-Fund applies the Weighted Average GHG Intensity (in terms of sales) analysis, external ESG research, and minimum exclusion criteria which may adversely affect its investment performance since the execution of the relevant strategy may result in foregoing opportunities to buy certain securities when it might otherwise be advantageous to do so, and/or selling securities when it might be disadvantageous to do so.
- The Sub-Fund may be particularly focusing on the GHG emission efficiency of the investee companies rather than their financial performance. This may also reduce risk diversifications compared to broadly based funds. As such, the Sub-Fund is likely to

be more volatile than a fund that has a more diversified investment strategy.

#### 11. Derivatives Risk

- The Sub-Fund may invest in derivatives (including certificates) which may expose the Sub-Fund to higher leverage, valuation, volatility, counterparty, liquidity, market and over the counter transaction risks, all of which may adversely impact the net asset value of the Sub-Fund. The leverage component of financial derivative instruments ("FDI") can result in a loss significantly greater than the amount invested in the FDI by the Sub-Fund.
- The Sub-Fund's use of FDI in efficient portfolio management (including for hedging) may become ineffective and/or cause the Sub-Fund to suffer significant losses.

#### 12. Risk related to Distribution out of Capital and Distribution effectively out of Capital

- The payment of distributions out of capital/distributions effectively out of capital represents a return or withdrawal of part of the
  amount investors originally invested and/or capital gains attributable to the original investment. Any distributions involving
  payment of distributions out of the Sub-Fund's capital/distributions effectively out of the Sub-Fund's capital may result in an
  immediate decrease in the net asset value per share and may reduce the capital available for the Sub-Fund for future
  investment and capital growth.
- The distribution amount and NAV of any hedged share classes of the Sub-Fund may be adversely affected by differences in the interest rates of the reference currency of the hedged share classes and the base currency of the Sub-Fund, resulting in an increase in the amount of distribution that is paid out of capital and hence a greater erosion of capital than other non-hedged share classes, particularly if such hedged share classes are applying the IRD Neutral Policy.



- Share class\*: AM-USD
- · Past performance information is not indicative of future performance. Investors may not get back the full amount invested.
- The computation basis of the performance is based on the calendar year end, NAV-to-NAV, with dividend reinvested.
- These figures show by how much the share class increased or decreased in percentage during the calendar year being shown.
- Performance data has been calculated in USD including on-going charges and excluding subscription fee and redemption fee you
  might have to pay.
- Where no past performance is shown there was insufficient data available in that year to provide performance.
- Sub-Fund inception date: 2014
- Share Class inception date: 2015

\*Representative share class – Retail share class that is authorized and launched in Hong Kong with the longest track record.

#### Is there any guarantee?

This Sub-Fund does not have any guarantees. You may not get back the full amount of money you invest.

#### What are the fees and charges?

**Charges which may be payable by you** You may have to pay the following fees when dealing in the shares of the Sub-Fund.

Fee (for Class A/AM/AMg/AMi/AMgi/AT)	What you pay
Subscription Fee	Up to 5% of the NAV
Switching Fee (Conversion Fee)	Up to 5% of the NAV (for switch-in)
Redemption Fee	No Redemption Fee is currently levied
Ongoing fees payable by the Sub-Fund	

The following expenses will be paid out of the Sub-Fund. They affect you because they reduce the return you get on your investments.		
	Annual rate (as a % p.a. of the NAV)	
Management Fee (All-in-Fee) (Class A/AM/AMg/		
AMi/AMgi/AT)	Maximum: 1.29%	
Depositary Fee	The Depositary Fee is covered by All-in-Fee	
Performance Fee	Not Applicable	
Administration Fee	The Administration Fee is covered by All-in-Fee	

#### **Other fees**

You may have to pay other fees when dealing in the shares of the Sub-Fund. The Sub-Fund will also bear the costs which are directly attributable to it, please refer to the section headed "FEES AND CHARGES" in the Prospectus for further details.

#### **Additional information**

- You generally buy and redeem shares at the Sub-Fund's next-determined net asset value (NAV) after Hong Kong Distributor/Hong Kong Representative receives your request in good order on or before 5:00p.m. (Hong Kong time) on any Valuation Day which is also a Hong Kong Business Day.
- Intermediaries who sell this Sub-Fund may impose different dealing deadlines for receiving instructions for subscriptions, redemptions or conversions. Investors should pay attention to the arrangements of the intermediary concerned.
- The net asset value of this Sub-Fund is calculated and the price of shares published each Valuation Day. They are available online at hk.allianzgi.com.
- The compositions of the distributions (i.e. the relative amounts paid out of (i) net distributable income, and (ii) capital) for the last 12 months or since the launch of the Sub-Fund are available from the Hong Kong Representative on request and also on the website (hk.allianzgi.com).
- Investors may obtain the past performance information of other share classes offered to Hong Kong investors from the Hong Kong Representative on request and also on the website (hk.allianzgi.com).

#### Important

If you are in doubt, you should seek professional advice.

The SFC takes no responsibility for the contents of this statement and makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness.